

## ABOUT THE CONTRIBUTORS

SHAHID JAVED BURKI, former finance minister of Pakistan, is the chairman of the Institute of Public Policy, a think-tank based in Lahore, Pakistan. He previously served as chief executive officer of EMP Financial Advisors, LLC. He served at the World Bank for 25 years (1974–99), as division chief and senior economist, Policy Planning and Program Review Department; senior economist and policy adviser, the Office of the Vice President of External Relations; director, International Relations Department of that vice-presidency; director of the China and Mongolia region; and vice president of the Latin American and Caribbean region. Mr. Burki is coauthor of *Sustaining Reform with a US-Pakistan Free Trade Agreement* (2006). His other publications include *Pakistan: Development Choices for the Future* (Oxford University Press, 1986); *Pakistan: Continuing Search for Nationhood* (Westview Press, 1991); *Pakistan: Fifty Years of Nationhood* (Westview Press, 1999); and *Pakistan: A Historical Dictionary* (Scarecrow Press, 1999).

MAYA CHADDA is professor of political science at William Paterson University of New Jersey, and was appointed director of the South Asia Program at the university in 2004. She has worked for the United Nations Development Program (UNDP) and the United Nations Family Planning Agency (UNFPA) as a consultant. In 1998, she was appointed the Director of Undergraduate Research for William Paterson University and is currently a Fulbright coordinator at the University. Professor Chadda has served on the review board of the Woodrow Wilson Center and the United States Institute of Peace, Washington,

DC, and as a consultant to the John D. and Katherine T. MacArthur Foundation, Minorities Rights Group International (UK), Initiative on Conflict Prevention and Quiet Diplomacy (Canada). She is a member of the Council on Foreign Relations, where she served on the Joint Task Force of the CFR and Asia Society on South Asia and is currently a member of the American Political Science Association Task Force on "America's Standing in the World." Professor Chadda is the author of *Indo-Soviet Relations* (Bombay, India, Vora & Co.); *Paradox of Power: The United States Policy in Southwest Asia* (Santa Barbara, CA, Clio Press); *Ethnicity Security and Separatism in South Asia* (New York, Columbia University Press/Oxford University Press); and *Building Democracy in South Asia: India, Pakistan and Nepal* (Lynne Rienner/Sage Publishers). Professor Chadda is finishing a contracted manuscript entitled, *Why India Matters*.

CRAIG COHEN is vice president for research and programs at the Center for Strategic and International Studies (CSIS). He serves as principal liaison between the president's office and research staff, helping the president to connect the growing program agenda with institutional priorities. Previously, he has served as deputy chief of staff and as a fellow in the Post-Conflict Reconstruction Project of the CSIS International Security Program. Mr. Cohen was codirector of the CSIS Commission on Smart Power and directed research on Pakistan, authoring *A Perilous Course: U.S. Strategy and Assistance to Pakistan* (CSIS, August 2007). He is also the author of *Measuring Progress in Reconstruction and Stabilization Operations* (United States Institute of Peace, April 2006) and served in 2006 as an adjunct professor at Syracuse University's Maxwell School. Prior to joining

CSIS, Mr. Cohen worked with the United Nations and nongovernmental organizations in Rwanda, Azerbaijan, Malawi, and the former Yugoslavia. He received a master's degree from the Fletcher School of Law and Diplomacy at Tufts University and an undergraduate degree from Duke University.

NEIL JOECK is the National Intelligence Officer for South Asia at the National Intelligence Council (NIC). He previously served in the U.S. Government at the National Security Council in the Office of Proliferation Strategy (2004-05) and at the Department of State as a member of the Policy Planning Staff (2001-03). Prior to joining the NIC, he was a senior fellow at the Center for Global Security Research at the Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory (LLNL) and an adjunct professor of political science at the University of California, Berkeley (2005-09). Dr. Joeck worked on India and Pakistan as a political analyst and group leader in Z Division at LLNL (1987-2001) and was a research fellow at the International Institute for Strategic Studies in London (1996-97). Dr. Joeck is the author of *Maintaining Nuclear Stability in South Asia*, Adelphi Paper #312 (1997) and two edited books: *Arms Control and International Security* (with Roman Kolkowicz, 1984) and *Strategic Consequences of Nuclear Proliferation in South Asia* (1986). He has also published numerous journal articles and book chapters. Dr. Joeck holds a BA from the University of California, Santa Cruz; an MA from the Paterson School of International Affairs at Carleton University in Canada; and a Ph.D. and MA in political science from UCLA.

FEROZ HASSAN KHAN is currently on the faculty of the Department of National Security Affairs of

the U.S. Naval Postgraduate School, Monterey, CA. He retired as a brigadier general from the Pakistani Army, where he served for 32 years. His previous appointments included the post of Director, Arms Control and Disarmament Affairs within the Strategic Plans Division, Joint Services Headquarters, which is the secretariat of Pakistan's Nuclear Command Authority. His military career blended numerous diplomatic and scholarly assignments. He has experienced combat action and command on active fronts on the line of control in Siachin Glacier and Kashmir. He served domestically and abroad in the United States, Europe, and South Asia, in particular assisting Pakistan's nuclear diplomacy. General Khan has held a series of visiting fellowships at Stanford University; the Woodrow Wilson International Center for Scholars; the Brookings Institution; the Center for Non-Proliferation Studies at the Monterey Institute of International Studies; and the Cooperative Monitoring Center, Sandia National Laboratory. Since the mid 1990s, General Khan has been making key contributions in formulating and advocating Pakistan's security policy on nuclear and conventional arms control and strategic stability in South Asia. He has produced recommendations for the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and represented Pakistan in several multilateral and bilateral arms control negotiations. He has published and participated in several security related national and international conferences and seminars. He has also been teaching as a visiting faculty member at the Department of the Defense and Strategic Studies, Quaid-e-Azam University, Islamabad. General Khan is currently writing a book on the history of Pakistan's nuclear weapons and U.S. policy; expected publication is in 2010. General Khan holds an M.A. from the Paul

Nitze School of Advanced International Studies, The Johns Hopkins University.

HENRY SOKOLSKI is the Executive Director of the Nonproliferation Policy Education Center (NPEC), a Washington, DC-based nonprofit organization founded in 1994 to promote a better understanding of strategic weapons proliferation issues among policymakers, scholars, and the media. He currently serves as an adjunct professor at the Institute of World Politics in Washington, DC, and as a member of the Congressional Commission on the Prevention of Weapons of Mass Destruction Proliferation and Terrorism. Mr. Sokolski previously served as Deputy for Nonproliferation Policy in the Department of Defense, for which he received a medal for outstanding public service from Secretary of Defense Dick Cheney. He also worked in the Office of the Secretary of Defense's Office of Net Assessment, as a consultant to the National Intelligence Council, and as a member of the Central Intelligence Agency's Senior Advisory Group. In the U.S. Senate, he served as a special assistant on nuclear energy matters to Senator Gordon Humphrey (R-NH), and as a legislative military aide to Dan Quayle (R-IN). Mr. Sokolski has authored and edited a number of works on proliferation, including *Best of Intentions: America's Campaign Against Strategic Weapons Proliferation* (Westport, CT: Praeger, 2001); *Nuclear Heuristics: Selected Writings of Albert and Roberta Wohlstetter* (Strategic Studies Institute, 2009); *Falling Behind: International Scrutiny of the Peaceful Atom* (Strategic Studies Institute, 2008); *Pakistan's Nuclear Future: Worries Beyond War* (Strategic Studies Institute, 2008); *Gauging U.S.-Indian Strategic Cooperation* (Strategic Studies Institute, 2007); *Getting Ready for a*

*Nuclear-Ready Iran* (Strategic Studies Institute, 2005); and *Getting MAD: Nuclear Mutual Assured Destruction, Its Origins and Practice* (Strategic Studies Institute, 2004).

JOHN STEPHENSON is a Project Manager at Dalberg Global Development Advisors, a strategy consulting firm focused on international development. He has consulted to the senior management teams of leading international financial institutions, multilateral development organizations, foundations, and multinational corporations on strategy, organizational effectiveness, stakeholder and change management, and development policy. He has experience in several development sectors, including energy and the environment, access to finance, health, private sector development, post-conflict reconstruction, and governance & public sector reform. Some of Mr. Stephenson's most recent engagements include: (1) evaluating fund manager proposals and conducting due diligence as part of a \$500 million global call for renewable energy funds in emerging markets, (2) serving as a strategic advisor on an innovative \$50 million fund for post-conflict countries, (3) working with the United Nations Foundation and Vodafone Group Foundation on their public-private partnership in mobile health and emergency response, and (4) assisting the East African Community to formulate an energy access scale-up strategy to support attainment of the Millennium Development goals with a focus on alternative energy sources. Prior to joining Dalberg, Mr. Stephenson worked at the World Bank where he participated in the formulation of the Bank's Country Assistance Strategy for the Democratic Republic of Congo. He holds a Bachelor's degree magna cum laude in Government

and East Asian Studies from Harvard University and a Master's degree from Georgetown University's School of Foreign Service.

PETER TYNAN is a Manager in Dalberg's Washington, DC, office. Mr. Tynan has advised international corporations, governments, and development institutions in strategy, policy, organizational change, supply chain, and performance management. He has experience in several development sectors, including energy, private sector development, public sector reform, and emerging markets investment. Prior to joining Dalberg, Mr. Tynan advised the Minister of Finance of the Democratic Republic of the Congo, where he wrote the private sector revitalization plan and analyzed the competitiveness of major Congolese industries; and worked for the Minister of Finance in Egypt reorganizing the Egyptian Customs Authority. For the U.S. Government, Mr. Tynan advised the CFO of the General Services Administration (GSA) in strategy, strategic planning, and organizational reform. He helped lead the reorganization of the GSA, merging the Supply Service and the Technology Service; and designed and managed the strategic planning process used across the Agency. Mr. Tynan has also worked in private equity, where he sourced and evaluated middle market private equity investments. He is the co-author of *Imagining Australia: Ideas For Our Future* (Allen & Unwin, 2004). Mr. Tynan holds a Bachelor in Business with First Class Honours and the University Medal from the University of Technology in Sydney, Australia; a Masters in Public Policy from the Kennedy School of Government at Harvard University; and an MBA from Harvard Business School.

S. AKBAR ZAIDI is one of Pakistan's best known and most prolific political economists. Apart from his interest in political economy, he also has great interest in development, the social sciences more generally, and increasingly, in history. Mr. Zaidi has written over 60 academic articles in international journals and as chapters in books, as well as 11 books and four monographs. His 12th book, *The Political Economy of Democratization in Pakistan*, is forthcoming and the third to be published by Oxford University Press. His other books include *The New Development Paradigm: Papers on Institutions, NGOs, Gender and Local Government* (1999), and *Issues in Pakistan's Economy* (2005), both published by Oxford University Press and both of which are now standard text books for students on Pakistan's economy; and *Pakistan's Economic and Social Development: The Domestic, Regional and Global Context*, (New Delhi, India, Rupa and Co., 2004). He taught at Karachi University for 13 years, and at Johns Hopkins University, where he was a visiting professor in 2004-05. Mr. Zaidi holds a Ph.D. from the University of Cambridge.